World War One News



Monthly News from Home & Abroad



August - 1914

1st August British Government order Naval Mobilisation

2nd August British Government guarantee naval protection of French coasts against German aggression way of the North Sea or English Channel.

3rd August British Government guarantee armed support to Belgium should Germany violate Belgian neutrality.

4th August British Government sends ultimatum to Germany. Great Britain declares war on Germany at 11 pm (midnight 4th-5th by Central European time).

5th August German minelayer "Königin Luise" sunk. H.M.S. "Amphion" sunk by mine off Yarmouth. Action between H.M.S. "Bristol" and German cruiser "Karlsruhe" in the West Indies.

7th August First units of British Expeditionary Force land in France.

Action between H.M.S. "Gloucester" and the "Goeben" and "Breslau" off the coast of Greece.

8th August British forces cross frontier of Togoland and occupy Lome. Hostilities commence in East Africa. H.M.S. "Astræa" bombards Dar es Salaam.

9th August British aerial cross-Channel patrol for the protection of transports instituted. H.M.S. "Birmingham" sinks German submarine "U.-15" in the North Sea. (First submarine destroyed.)

10th August British aerial coast patrol established.

12th August Great Britain and France declare war on Austria-Hungary.

13th August Four squadrons Royal Flying Corps fly from Dover to France. (First units to cross by air.)

16th August Landing of original British Expeditionary Force (B.E.F.. British Government issue orders for the raising of the first New Army of six divisions.

23rd August German airship "Z.-8" shot down in the Vosges.

24th August British Army retreats from Mons.

25th August First use of aircraft for patrol purposes (over retreating British forces in France).

26th August Action between H.M.S. "Highflyer" and German armed merchant cruiser "Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse" off the Rio de Oro: latter sunk.

27th August British Marines landed at Ostend, accompanied by R.N.A.S. unit.

28th August Naval action off Heligoland (German light cruisers "Köln", "Mainz", and "Ariadne" sunk by British squadron).

29th August German airship "Z.-5" brought down by gunfire at Mlawa (Poland).

30th August First German aeroplane raid on Paris.

Borth

The Cambrian News in August:

'Your King and Country Need You' slogan is published, calling for the first 100,000 men to enlist for Kitchener's New Army. The call is answered within two weeks.

Letter from Lady Evans of Lovesgrove suggesting that Wales sets up a 'War Fund'. England had already done so. Staff on the paper had their names printed as willing to contribute.

The Army was paid by the day according to rank - a private in the Infantry 1914 - 1915 had 1s.0d., a private in the RAMC 1s.2d.

Sir Edward Pryse Bart was a major in the 9th. Battalion of the Welsh Regiment and wrote to the Cambrian News about a Captain George Green of Aberystwyth feared killed by a sniper in Flanders. Seven other local officers were lost. Territorials, by then on full time service, could from September be sent abroad.

The Welsh Farmers' Gazette. Friday, Aug. 14th, 1914

CARDIGAN, Saturday Turkeys were bought in for 11½d per lb, geese and ducks 11½d per lb and fowls 9d. Butter in lumps, 1s.0d per lb, in lb rolls 1s.3d. Poultry (retail)- ducks and geese 1s.0½d per lb, fowls 9d and 10d per lb, Eggs 2d each.